



PACE Setter initiative at Leacroft Medical Practice, Crawley, West Sussex

Dr Patience Okorie

GP Clinical Lead, Children and Young People (CYP) Services, Crawley CCG

Leacroft Medical Practice

Purpose built 2010

10,000 patients

• 500 patients under-five

Variety of chronic diseases



Leacroft Medical Practice

Culturally diverse population

Challenging and inappropriate health seeking behaviour

Initiative to improve services to CYP required

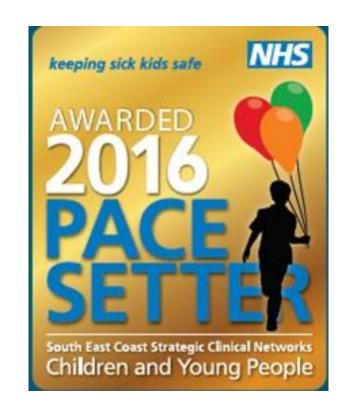


PACE Setter Initiative

Primary care quality mark

 For Children and Young People (CYP) Services

 NHS Coastal West Sussex CCG



PACE Setter Elements





Leacroft Medical Practice Project Focus

1. Health Education in a local primary school

2. Evaluation of services provided for chronic illnesses – asthma

3. CYP with complex medical needs



CYP Health Education

 Local primary school assembly presentation

 Empower children to be health educators for their families

 Improve understanding of minor illnesses and impact positively on health seeking behaviour



https://www.coastalwestsussexccg.nhs.uk/pace-setter-leacroft-medical-practice-crawley

CYP Chronic illnesses – Asthma

Review of all CYP with asthma

- Limited understanding of asthma as a chronic disease
- Personal Asthma Action Plan (PAAP)
- PAAP translated into 5 other languages (Tamil, Portuguese, Polish, Urdu, Gujarati)



CYP Chronic illnesses – Asthma

Acute Asthma / Wheeze Pathway (not for Bronchiolitis) Mey 2015 Refreshed Clinical Assessment / Management Tool for Children & Young People Older than 1 year old with Acute Wheeze

Intermediate Risk

MODERATE - AMBER

Management - Primary Care and Community Setting

outh East Coast Strategic Clinical Netwo Children and Young People

Normal Values

Respiratory Rate

at rest [b/min] 1-2yrs 25-35 >2-5 yrs 25-30

>5-12 yrs 20-25

>12 yrs 15-20

Patient >1 yr with wheeze presents:	
	7
Commission	

diagnoses: Cough without a wheeze foreign body croup

bronchiolitis

ASSESSMENT

Behaviour	Alert, No Increased work of breathing	Alert; Some Increased work of breathing	May be agitated; Unable to talk freely or feed	Can only speak Confusion or dr
O2 Sat in air	≥ 92%; Pink	≥ 92%; Pink	< 92%; Pale	< 92%; Cyanos
Heart Rate	Normal	Normal	Under 5yr >140/min Over 5 yr >125/min	Under 5yr >140 Over 5 yr >125 Maybe bradyca
Respiratory	Normal Respiratory rate	Under 5 yr <40 breaths/min Over 5 yr <30 breaths/min	Under 5 yr >40 breaths/min Over 5 yr >30 breaths/min	Severe Respira Poor respiratory Slient chest
Peak Flow" (only for children > 6yrs	Normal Respiratory effort	Milid Respiratory distress: mild recession and some accessory muscle use	Moderate Respiratory distress: moderate recession & clear accessory muscle use	Marked use of a and recession
with established technique)	PEFR >75% I/min best/predicted	PEFR 50-75% I/min best/predicted	PEFR <50% I/min best/predicted	PEFR <33% I/n too breathless t



Maybe bradycardic Heart Rate [bpm] 1-2vrs 100-150 Severe Respiratory distress >2-5 yrs 95-140 Poor respiratory effort: >5-12 yrs 80-125

Marked use of accessory muscles >12 yrs 60-100 Ref: Advanced Paedlatric Life Support 6th Edition, Life Advance Support group edited by Martin PEFR <33% l/min best/predicted or Samuels; Susan Wieteska Wiley

THREATENING

Repeat Salbutamol 2.5 - 5 mg via Oxy-

gen-driven nebuliser whilst arranging

*Paediatric Emergency

Dept. Tel Nos. overleaf

immediate hospital admission - 999

If cardio-respiratory arrest -

too breathless to do PEFR **ACTION IF LIFE**

etert CDR



OLLOWING ANY ACUTE EPIRODE, THIN



100 mog x 2- 6 'puffs' while · Appropriate and clear guidance should be given to the patient/ carer in the form of a Personal Asthma/Wheeze Action Plan (see Image);

GREEN ACTION

- Confirm they are comfortable with the decisions / advice given and then think "Safequarding" before sending home
- The Personal Asthma/Wheeze Action Plan & follow-up appointment are most important

AMBER ACTION First Steps Refer immediately to emergency care by 999 Alert Paediatrician-On-Call*

IMPROVEMENT?

Salbutamol 100 mcgs x 10 'puffs' via inhaler and spacer

2-5 years 20 mo/day

YES

Over 5 years 30-40 mg/day

Follow Amber Action if:

Relief not lasting 4 hours

becoming less effective

Symptoms worsen or treatment is

 Oxygen to maintain O, Sat > 94%, using paediatric Reassess after 20 – 30 minutes nasal cannula if available Oral Prednisolone within 1 hour

High Risk

SEVERE - RED

- Salbutamol 100 mcg x 10 'puffs' via inhaler & spacer for 3 days if known asthmatic OR Salbutamol 2.5 - 5 mg Nebulised
 - Repeat every 20 minutes whilst awaiting transfer

URGENT ACTION

- If not responding add ipratropium 20mog/dose 8 puffs
- Oral Prednisolone start immediately: 2-5 years 20 mg/day Over 5 years 30-40 mg/day Paramedics to give nebulised Salbutamol, driven by O., according
- Stabilise child for transfer and stay with child whilst waiting Send relevant documentation

Hospital Emergency Department / Paediatric Unit

To calculate Predicted Peak Flow-measure the child's height and then go to www.peakflow

This guidance is written in the following context:

This document was anived at after careful consideration of the evidence available including but not exclusively NICE, SICN, EBM data and NHS evidence, as applicable. Healthcare professionals are expected to take it fully into account when exercising their clinical judgment. To guidance does not, however, override the inclividual responsibility of healthcare professionals to make decisions appropriate to the circumstances of the inclividual patient in consultation with the patient and / or carer

Acute Asthma / Wheeze Personal Asthma Action Plan

Advice to achieve and maintain good control for Children and Young People over 1 year old

May 2015 Refreshed



Keep this plan with you and take it every time you see the doctor or nurse at your GP surgery (or Hospital). This plan is for patients with asthma or wheeze - your GP/doctor (or nurse) will fill it in and explain the different medicines to control your asthma. It will also show you how to recognise when the asthma or wheeze is getting worse and what to do about it. By taking steps early - acute attacks can usually be prevented.

Ы																						

Name of patient	f Birth _		
GP surgeryTelephone:			
GP / Asthma nurse	1		
and/or Hospital doctor / Asthma nurse	At	tach I	abel
Date form Completed/Name of Professional			

Date for Review

Standard Technique for use of Spacer with Asthma Inhaler (pressurised metered dose device):

Choose appropriate sized spacer with mask (or mouthpiece if child is >4 years with good technique and is not significantly short of breath)

1 Shake the inhaler well and remove cap. 2 Fit the inhaler into the opening at the end of the spacer.

Signature of Professional.

- 3 Place mask over the child's face or mouthpiece in their mouth ensuring a good seal
- 4 Press the inhaler once and allow the child to take 5 slow tidal breaths between each dose 5 Remove the inhaler and shake between every two puffs
- Repeat steps 2 6 for subsequent doses



How is your asthma / wheeze? (traffic light advice)

rion is yo	ar astima / wheele: (traine)	iigiit davice/
	Symptoms	Your Action:
Mild	If you / your child is: Requiring to use 2-6 puffs of their reliever 4 hourly throughout the day for cough or wheeze but is not breathing quickly and is able to continue day to day activities and is able to talk in full sentences.	Phone your GP to make an appointment to be seen the next day. Alternatively phone 111 for 24 hour advice if you are unable to contact your GP.
Moderate	If you / your child is: • Wheezing and Preathless and the usual reliever treatment is not lasting 4 hours • Having day-time and night-time symptoms of cough or wheeze	Give 2-10 puffs of reliever. Immediately contact your GP and make an appointment for your child to be seen that day face to face. Alternatively phone 111 for 24 hour advice if you are unable to contact your GP.
	If you / your child is too breathless to: Talk / eat or drink	Give 10 puffs of reliever and repeat every 10 minutes until ambulance arrives. Start Oral Prednisolone if you

Life Threatening

	Having symptoms of cough/wheeze or breathlessness which are getting worse Or reliever not lasting 4 hours or does not help
•	you / your child is: Having severe and persistent symptoms of cough / wheeze of breathlessness Confused or drowsy

Is not responding to their reliever (blue) inhaler

Give 10 puffs of reliever and repeat every 10 minutes until ambulance arrives. Start Oral Prednisolone if you have a supply at home Ring 999 or 112 (from a mobile) for immediate help

Families set up by local councils.

Ring 999 or 112 (from a mobile) -

have a supply at home.

for immediate help



Run and play

NHS 111 dial 111 (available 24 hrs -7 days a week)

School Nurse / Health Visitor Team

For online advice: NHS Choices www.nhs.uk (available 24 hrs - 7 days a week) Family Information Service: All areas have an online service providing useful information fo

If you need language support or translation please inform the member of staff to whom you are speaking.
To feedback or for further information including how to obtain more copies of this document we have one mailbox for these queries on behalf of the
South East Coast Strategic Clinical Networks area (Kont, Surrey and Sussex). Please email: CWSCOS cypSECpathways@ghs.not

Useful Websites - Asthma UK: www.asthma.org.uk | Asthma UK Advice Line: 0800 121 6244 Teenage Health Freak:www.teenagehealthfreak.com

CYP Complex Medical Problems

Medical Passport for CYP with complex medical problems

Fast track access for vulnerable patients

Alert on medical records to aid in decision making



CYP Complex Medical Problems

Medical Passport

II High Priority Reminders

Can have Flu jab every yr as per Immunologist letter dated Dec 2013.

Rest of the family should be offered annual flu jab as well.

He can also have VZ vaccine Cancel More

Pls do not do X-rays except extremely necessary and will influence Therapy decision.

See Notes from Dr Atkinson (aug 2015) Cancel More

Please do not do X-rays except if it is extremely necessary and will influence therapy decision Cancel More

Pls give Priority when patient needs appointment. Has long term medical problem and can become unwell Quickly Cancel More



PACE Setter Award





