

# Rapid detection and prompt, effective isolation to prevent infection caused by CPE

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## **Hospital Acquired Infection**



- Increased morbidity
- Increased mortality
- Increases length of stay
- Anxiety



## Carbapenemase Producing Enterobacteriaceae

Gram negative bacteria -colonises the gut

Various types – VIM, **OXA-48**, NDM, IMP, KPC

Extremely resistant organism - limited treatment option – mortality rate unacceptably high

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## Carbapenamase Producing Enterobacteriaceae

f **t** < ≥ 1

11 August 2010 Last updated at 14:14

#### New 'superbug' found in UK hospitals

By Michelle Roberts Health reporter, BBC News

A new superbug that is resistant to even the most powerful antibiotics has entered UK hospitals, experts warn.

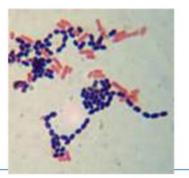
They say bacteria that make an enzyme called NDM-1 have travelled back with NHS patients who went abroad to countries like India and Pakistan for treatments such as cosmetic surgery.

Although there have only been about 50 cases identified in the UK so far, scientists fear it will go global.



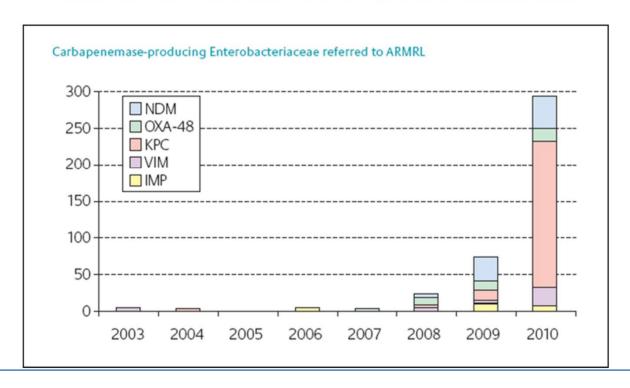
NDM-1 has been found in E.coli bacteria





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#### INCREASING PREVALENCE OF CARBAPENEMASES



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#### **HPA ALERT JANUARY 2011**



Advice on Carbapenemase Producers: Recognition, infection control and treatment

#### **ARHAI**

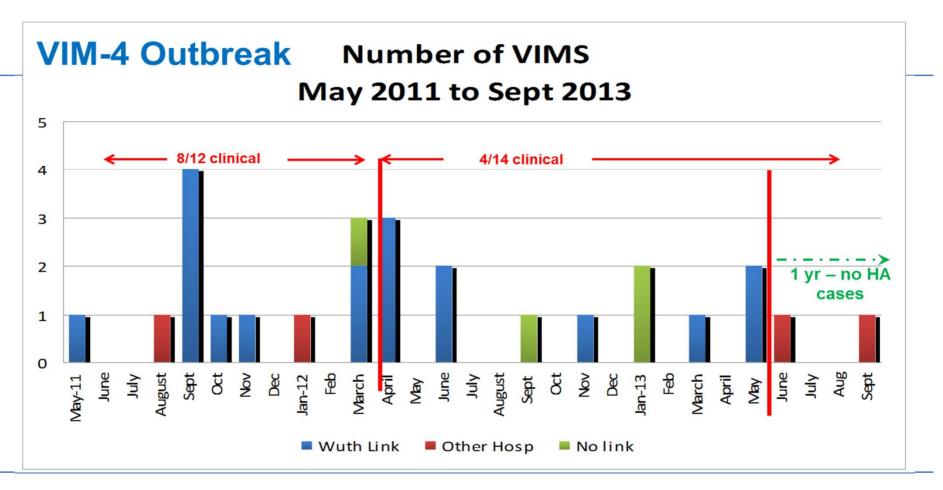
Department of Health
Advisory Committee on Antimicrobial Resistance
and Healthcare Associated Infection



## Advice on Carbapenemase Producers: Recognition, infection control and treatment

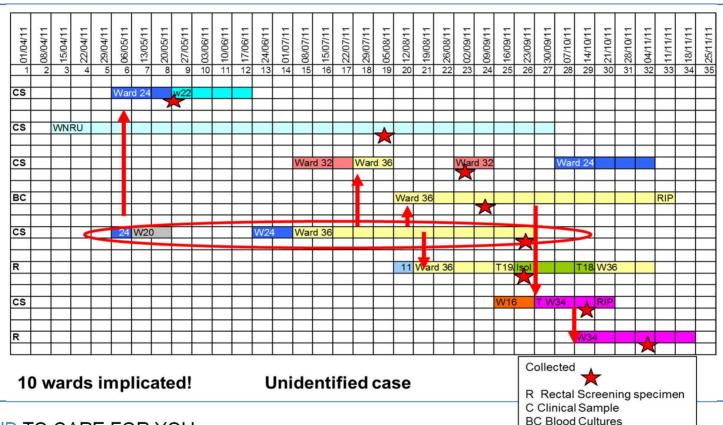
Carbapenems (imipenem, meropenem, ertapenem and doripenem) are invaluable for the treatment of infections due to multi-resistant gram-negative bacteria, including those with extended-spectrum β-lactamases. Carbapenem-resistant Enterobacteriaceae remain rare but are emerging. Their transmission characteristics and pathogenesis resemble those of more sensitive Enterobacteriaceae, but the infections are much more difficult to treat. For this reason, it is vital that NHS Trusts prevent their spread. Carbapenem resistance in Enterobacteriaceae can involve:

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#### VIM Outbreak 2011

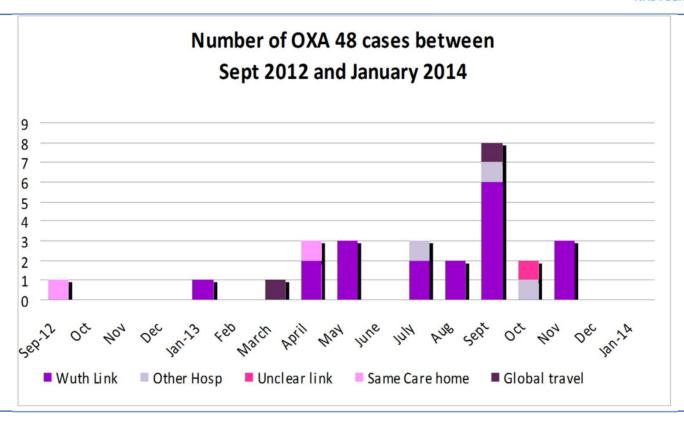




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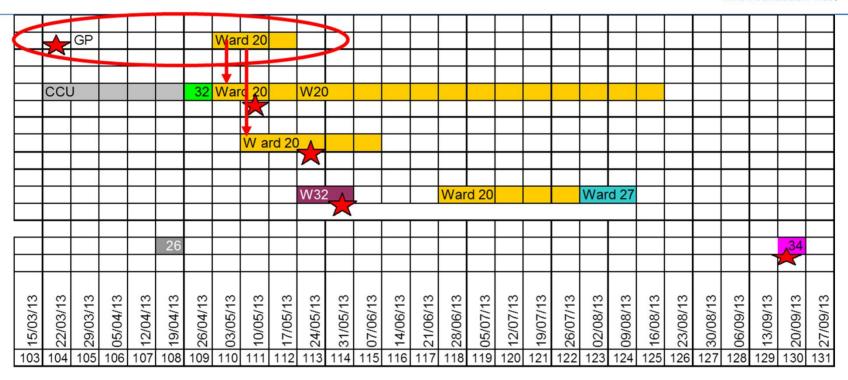
wuth.nhs.uk

@wuthnhs #proud



#### **Infection Prevention and Control**

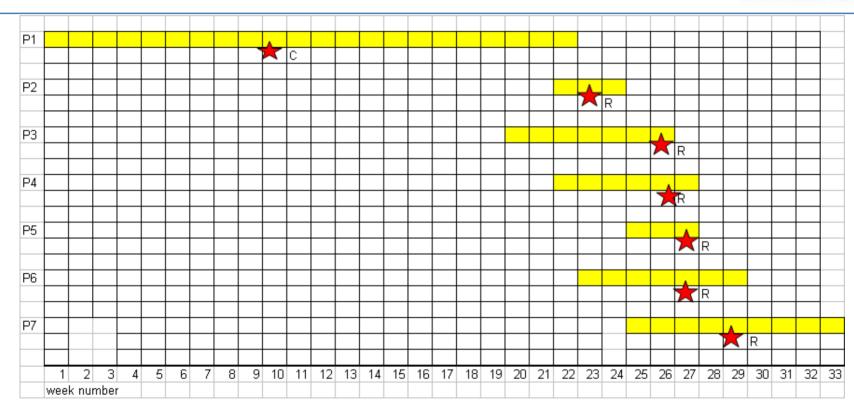




Known CPE case, isolated, but still spread

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## **Preventative Strategies**

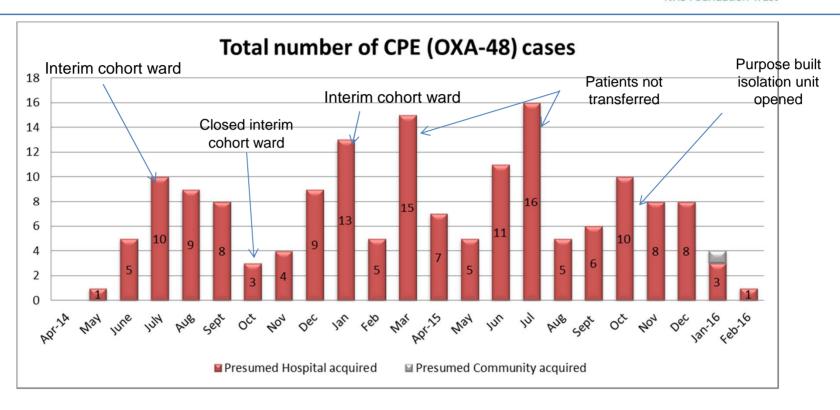


#### **Early Identification**

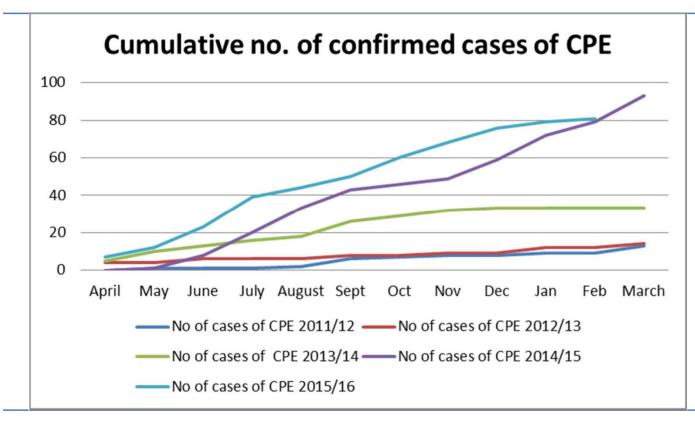
- Electronic Alert positive and exposed
- Targeted screening
- Rapid testing

### **Prompt Effective Isolation**

- Interim cohort ward
- Purpose built isolation unit





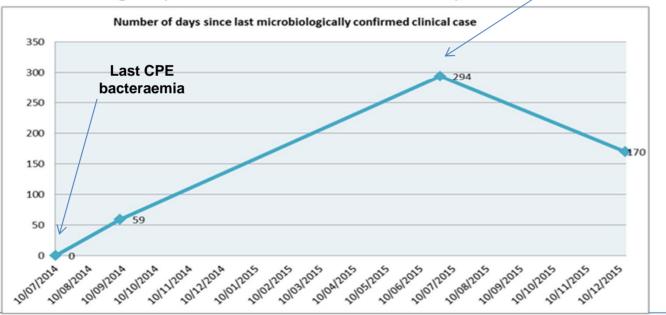


## **CPE**



- Successful preventative strategy
- Zero tolerance CPE bacteraemia 464 days
- Microbiologically confirmed clinical case 170 days

Last microbiologically confirmed clinical case



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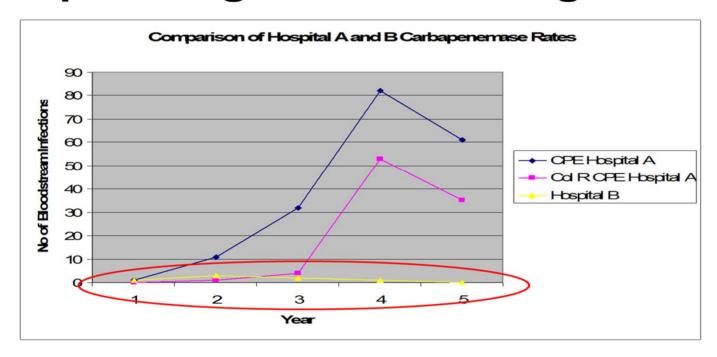
## Ref lab susceptibilities



Amikacin	Ampicillin	Aztreonam	Cefotaxime	Cefoxitin	Cefpirome	Ceftazidime	Ciprofloxacin	Colistin	Ertapenem	Gentamicin	Imipenem	Meropenem	Piperacillin	Pip/tazo	Tigecycline	Tobramycin
8	>64	>64	256	>64	64	>64	>8	1	8	32	16	4	>64	>64	2	32
4	>64	>64	256	64	64	256	>8	1	8	32	8	2	>64	>64	2	nt
4	>64	>64	256	>64	64	256	>8	1	8	>32	8	2	>64	>64	2	nt
8	>64	64	>256	>64	64	128	>8	2	16	>32	16	8	>64	>64	1	32
16	>64	>64	256	>64	>64	256	>8	1	8	>32	16	4	>64	>64	1	32
8	>64	64	>256	>64	>64	32	>8	2	4	>32	8	2	64	64	1	16
16	>64	>64	>256	>64	>64	>256	>8	2	>16	1	32	16	>64	>64	1	16
8	>64	>64	>256	>64	>64	>256	>8	1	>16	1	16	8	>64	>64	1	16
8	>64	64	256	>64	16	64	>8	1	16	>32	16	8	>64	>64	0.5	32
8	>64	64	128	>64	64	64	8	1	8	32	8	4	>64	>64	1	16
8	>64	64	256	>64	64	64	>8	1	16	>32	8	4	>64	>64	0.5	16

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Giani et al. Large Nosocomial Outbreak of Colistin-Resistant, Carbapenemase-Producing *Klebsiella pneumoniae* Traced to Clonal Expansion of an *mgrB* Deletion MutantJ Clin Microbiol 53:3341–3344

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## Thank you for Listening Any Questions?